January- February:
Native Americans killed three men at Carpenter’s station and broke up a settlement on Russel’s creek.
In a letter from Henry James of Danville to Jonathan Brown, James tells of many attacks by Native Americans in Kentucky. He tells that in January a boat was attacked on the Ohio river killing 9 people, one woman was missing, and a boy was taken captive. but he escaped. He also tells that two men were killed while hunting, and three men were killed on the Wilderness Road. He also states that in February, a man was killed at Mudlick, and that a station was abandoned out of fear of attack by Native Americans.

March:
Natives raid Charles Canc’s station between the two forks of the Big Sandy River. Native Americans broke up Kenton Station near Limestone and captured all the settlers.

May:
Native Americans attacked Ingles’ station.
May 23- a company of people were going home from a meeting on Brashier’s Creek, they were fired on by a party of Native Americans. One man was killed and one woman was taken captive. A group was gathered to pursue the Natives, but when they got close the captive was killed and the group dispersed so that they could not be followed.

June:
Two men killed at Deer Lick.

July:
Letter from Harry Innes to Henry Knox- “that all warfare had been due to Indian aggression. In an effort to protect and pressure land rights, an expedition of volunteers into Indian territory will commence. Volunteers will not discriminate who they injure or Kill”

Date Unknown:
Barnett’s Station now Calhoun was attacked and two children killed.