March:
James Skaggs station broke up and burned by Native Americans. Colonel Calloway, Pemberton, Rawling and three African American men were building a ferry boat one mile above Boonesboro when they were attacked by Native Americans.

May:
Party from Bryant’s Station was attacked near Great Crossing.

June:
On June 24, a force of about 200 British Soldiers and Native American warriors, under Captain Henry Bird, took advantage of the flooding of the Licking River and moved southward by water bringing artillery with them. Arriving at Ruddle’s Station, the wooden fort could not withstand the firepower of these troops and surrendered 160 people were taken captive.
On June 25, Martin’s station fell to the same force that had attacked Ruddle’s Station.
At the same time that Ruddles and Martin’s stations were under attack, a smaller force of Natives broke off from the main group and attacked Grant’s Fort. They killed at least two men and one woman and burned the fort.

August:
At Fort Jefferson in Ballard County, Chickasaw and British ambushed some slaves working in a corn field and fired on the fort. Lt. John Whitehead demanded the fort to surrender.
August 6, Clark led a force against the Shawnee in revenge for Ruddles and Martins Stations. He found their towns deserted. He burned the houses, orchards and corn fields. They then went on to Piqua on the Big Miami, where they battled against the Shawnee. In the battle the settlers suffered the loss of 14 killed and 13 wounded. The Shawnee loss was guessed to be triple this.

Exact Date Unknown: Party of new immigrants attacked on their way to Fisher’s Station.

October:
Edward Boone killed near Grassy Lick in Montgomery County.